

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS BEAUMONT DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	§	
	§	
V.	§	CASE NO. 1:15-CR-129
	§	
	§	
STEVEN WAYNE ROBINSON	§	

REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION ON DEFENDANT'S COMPETENCY TO STAND TRIAL

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b) and the Local Rules for the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas, this criminal proceeding is before the undersigned United States Magistrate Judge upon referral from the District Court. The Court now enters its recommendation that the District Court find the defendant, Steven Wayne Robinson, competent to proceed.

A. <u>Procedural Background and the Forensic Psychologist's Report</u>

On January 26, 2016, pursuant to the motion of counsel, the undersigned entered an order directing the mental examination of the defendant to determine his competency to stand trial (doc. #28). In that order, the Court directed that the defendant be committed to the custody of the Attorney General for placement in a suitable facility for an examination by a psychiatrist or psychologist to determine whether, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 4241, he is suffering from a mental disease or defect

rendering him mentally incompetent to the extent he is unable to understand the nature and consequences of the proceedings against him or to assist properly in his defense.

The Court received notification from the warden at the Metropolitan Detention Center in Los Angeles (MDC-LA), that a psychological evaluation had been completed pursuant to the Court's order. Tiffany K. Smith, Psy. D., licensed psychologist, issued her report including her professional opinion stating that Mr. Robinson does not appear to be suffering from a mental disease or defect rendering him unable to understand the nature and consequences of the proceedings against him or to properly assist in his defense. She therefore stated that he is competent to proceed.

The competency report, which reflects the examiner's method of evaluation and opinion in detail and sets forth the corresponding psychological findings and recommendations, was filed in the record under seal and provided to both the defendant's attorney and the attorney for the Government. On August 3, 2016, the Court conducted a competency hearing to address the findings set forth in the psychological report. On the record, Mr. Robinson stated his objections to the portion of the report suggesting that he was malingering and did not give full effort to the cognitive measures. *See Sealed Forensic Evaluation*, at pp. 16-17. Through counsel, Robinson explained that the changes in the medication he was on at that particular time affected his ability to mentally process certain things. However, neither party objected to the examiner's ultimate conclusion that Mr. Robinson is competent.

B. <u>Conclusion and Recommendation</u>

Accordingly, based upon the opinion issued by the forensic psychological examiner and the agreement of the parties, the undersigned recommends that defendant, Steven Wayne Robinson, be found competent to proceed pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 4241.

C. Objections

Objections must be: (1) specific, (2) in writing, and (3) served and filed within fourteen (14)

days after being served with a copy of this report. See 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). A party's failure to

object bars that party from: (1) entitlement to de novo review by a district judge of proposed

findings and recommendations, see Rodriguez v. Bowen, 857 F.2d 275, 276-77 (5th Cir. 1988), and

(2) appellate review, except on grounds of plain error of unobjected-to factual findings and legal

conclusions accepted by the district court, see Douglass v. United Servs. Auto. Ass'n., 79 F.3d 1415,

1417 (5th Cir. 1996) (en banc). The constitutional safeguards afforded by Congress and the courts

require that, when a party takes advantage of his right to object to a magistrate's findings or

recommendation, a district judge must exercise its nondelegable authority by considering the actual

evidence and not merely by reviewing and blindly adopting the magistrate judge's report and

recommendation. See Hernandez v. Estelle, 711 F.2d 619, 620 (5th Cir. 1983); United States v.

Elsoffer, 644 F.2d 357, 359 (5th Cir. 1981) (per curiam).

SIGNED this the 4th day of August, 2016.

KEITH F. GIBLIN

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

-3-